1. (Amended) A method of high racking high racking life, regrising the steps of:

pre-contacting a hydrographing conjugat with a solution containing an organic nitrogen compound in a range of 10 ppm to 100 ppm by nitrogen weight; and

contacting a feed oil substantially comprised of hydrocarbon oils and hydrogen with the hydrocracking catalyst that has been contacted with the organic nitrogen compound in order to obtain a hydrocarbon oil with a lower boiling point than that of the feed oil wherein the concentration of nitrogen in the feed oil is not more than 10 ppm;

the organic nitrogen compound being an organic nitrogen compound having a boiling point that is lower than a 50% distillation temperature of the feed oil and that is higher than 200°C.

2. (Amended) A method of hydrocracking hydrocarbon oils derived from petroleum comprising the steps of:

contacting a petroleum fraction containing an organic nitrogen compound in a range of 10 ppm to 100 ppm by nitrogen weight and having a 25- distillation temperature that is lower than the 50- distillation temperature of a feed oil substantially comprised f hydrocal nodes and that is higher than 200-3 with a hydrocal node of dyst wherein the

remarks on of mitrogen in the feed all is not were than 10 ppm; and

contacting the feed oil and hydrogen with the hydrographing catalyst that has been contacted with the petroleum fraction in order to obtain a hydrogarbon oil with a boiling point lower than that of the feed oil.

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7. (Amended) The hydrocracking method according to any one of Claims 2 or 4 wherein, as a result of contacting the petroleum fraction with hydrocracking catalyst, the hydrocracking catalyst contains 0.01< to 1% by nitrogen weight of the organic nitrogen compound per catalyst weight.